Exhibit 19
15 States Have Postponed Their Primaries Because of Coronavirus. Here’s a List.

Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Hawaii, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, West Virginia, Wyoming and Puerto Rico have rescheduled their contests.

By Nick Corasaniti and Stephanie Saul

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The Latest: West Virginia's governor postponed the state's presidential primary from May 12 to June 9.

As the coronavirus pandemic upends the presidential campaign, states across the country are postponing primary elections and expanding vote by mail options, citing the difficulty of holding elections during the outbreak.

Fifteen states and one territory — Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Hawaii, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, West Virginia, Wyoming and Puerto Rico — have either pushed back their presidential primaries or switched to voting by mail with extended deadlines.

Six of those states have moved their primaries to June 2, which has unexpectedly become a major date on the Democratic primary calendar. It is among the last dates available before the June 9 deadline set by the Democratic National Committee for states to hold their nominating contests.

In New York, officials delayed the presidential primary even further, to June 23. Wisconsin is holding firm to the April 7 date for its primary, but the governor wants to send every voter an absentee ballot.

Tom Perez, the D.N.C. chairman, has urged states with upcoming contests to expand their use of voting by mail, no-excuse absentee voting, curbside ballot drop-offs and early voting.

Here's a running update of major changes in an election transformed, including rescheduled primaries and caucuses and a few other key races. You can also track our full primary election calendar.
- March 17: Arizona, Florida, Illinois (voted)

- March 24: Queens borough president election (canceled)

- April 7: Wisconsin

- April 10: Alaska (now voting entirely by mail)

- April 17: Wyoming (now voting entirely by mail)

- April 26: Puerto Rico (postponed from March 29)

- April 28: Ohio (postponed from March 17)

- May 2: Guam (caucuses), Kansas

- May 12: Nebraska

- May 19: Georgia (new date), Oregon

- May 22: Hawaii (now voting entirely by mail)

- June 2: Connecticut (new date), Delaware (new date), D.C., Indiana (new date), Maryland (new date), Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, Pennsylvania (new date), Rhode Island (new date), South Dakota

- June 6: Virgin Islands (caucuses)

- June 9: West Virginia (postponed from May 12)

- June 20: Louisiana (postponed from April 4)

- June 23: Kentucky (new date), New York (new date)

- July 14: Alabama Republican primary runoff for U.S. Senate seat (postponed from March 31)

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**March 17: Arizona, Florida, Illinois (voted)**

The three states held their primaries as scheduled (and Joseph R. Biden Jr. won all of them). Voting in major cities in Illinois was rife with confusion and turnout in many areas was significantly lower than expected, leading to complaints from poll workers and clashes between Chicago officials and the statehouse.
But Florida and Arizona exceeded turnout levels seen in the 2016 Democratic primary, despite the coronavirus outbreak. Both states had invested heavily in early voting systems, and they encouraged early voting and voting by mail as the outbreak worsened, in order to help reduce crowds at polling places on Primary Day.

**March 24: Queens borough president election (canceled)**

A special election for Queens borough president in New York City, scheduled for March 24, was canceled. Mayor Bill de Blasio said there were no immediate plans to reschedule the election, but details for “potential options” would be “provided soon.”

**April 7: Wisconsin**

Wisconsin is holding firm to its April 7 primary date, but Gov. Tony Evers has requested that absentee ballots be sent to every one of the state’s 3.3 million registered voters.

Mr. Evers, a Democrat, cannot send the ballots on his own; he asked the Republican-controlled Legislature to convene and approve a measure to do so. But the request represents a significant change of course by the governor, who had repeatedly said in recent weeks that the primary and other elections in the state should go ahead as planned, even as local officials begged for a delay.

It is not clear, however, whether lawmakers will comply, how swiftly they might do so and whether ballots could be mailed to millions of Wisconsin voters quickly enough with less than two weeks before the election. Officials said they were also still preparing for in-person voting at polling places by placing special orders for hand sanitizer and calling for volunteer poll workers.

Wisconsin voters may already request an absentee ballot for any reason. Here’s the link.

**April 10: Alaska (now voting entirely by mail)**

The Alaska Democratic Party canceled in-person voting in its presidential primary, originally scheduled for April 4, and will mount an effort to expand voting by mail. It also extended the deadline for the party to receive ballots by more than two weeks, to April 10 from March 24.

**Latest Updates: Coronavirus Outbreak**

- C.D.C. is expected to advise Americans to wear cloth masks.
- In just two weeks, 10 million U.S. jobs have vanished.
- The Navy has removed the captain of an aircraft carrier stricken by the virus.
The state party is also making voter registration documents and ranked-choice paper ballots available to download on its website. It said it would announce the results all at once, no earlier than April 10 and no later than the end of the day on April 11.

April 17: Wyoming (now voting entirely by mail)

Wyoming Democrats suspended the in-person portion of their caucuses, scheduled for April 4. Voters who registered as Democrats by March 20 will be sent ballots in the mail, and ballots received by April 17 will be counted, the party said.

April 26: Puerto Rico (postponed from March 29)

Gov. Wanda Vázquez signed a resolution postponing the primary election in Puerto Rico from March 29 to April 26.

The resolution, which was passed by the Puerto Rico legislature, also authorizes the chairman of Puerto Rico's Democratic Party and the president of the Puerto Rico State Commission on Elections to further postpone the primary if an emergency situation persists by April 26, without requiring a new resolution to be passed by the legislature.

“Without a doubt, this is the time for preventative measures to stop the spread of the virus,” said Charles Rodríguez, the chairman of the state party.

April 28: Ohio (postponed from March 17)

Ohio will move its presidential primary election to late April and conduct it almost entirely by mail after the governor and top state health officials ordered the polls closed in mid-March, citing an unacceptable health risk posed by crowded voting locations.

While Gov. Mike DeWine had initially proposed a June 2 primary as a substitute, the Ohio legislature has moved the official date to April 28. Under the new plan, approximately 7.8 million registered voters in Ohio will receive postcards with instructions for applying for a ballot. Ballots postmarked by April 27 will be counted.

Only those voters who are disabled or who do not have a permanent address will be allowed to vote in person, by appearing at their local elections boards.
Ohio’s secretary of state, Frank LaRose, and voting rights advocates have criticized the new timetable. Mr. LaRose, who had favored a June 2 primary, called it “disappointing” that the legislature had “significantly reduced the time to bring this primary to a close.”

The League of Women Voters said it was exploring the possibility of filing a lawsuit to stop the new process. “The whole package is a problem,” said Jen Miller, executive director of the League of Women Voters of Ohio. “States that do vote-by-mail have a process that’s 10 weeks. We’re trying to transfer that to four.”

**May 2:** Guam (caucuses), Kansas

**May 12:** Nebraska

**May 19:** Georgia (new date), Oregon

Georgia (postponed from March 24)

Georgia officials announced that the state’s presidential primary, scheduled for March 24, would be delayed until May 19 in an effort to protect the public from possible coronavirus exposure.

The decision was announced by Brad Raffensperger, the secretary of state.

“Events are moving rapidly and my highest priority is the health of our poll workers, their families and the community at large,” Mr. Raffensperger said. “Given these circumstances, I believe it is necessary and prudent to suspend in-person voting in the presidential primary, and the local elections associated with them.”

**May 22:** Hawaii (now voting entirely by mail)

Hawaii Democrats announced they were canceling in-person voting for the presidential primary in response to the coronavirus outbreak. The state party will be mailing out a “third round” of ballots and is encouraging voters to register before April 4, with the deadline for returning ballots May 22.

**June 2:** Connecticut (new date), Delaware (new date), D.C., Indiana (new date), Maryland (new date), Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, Pennsylvania (new date), Rhode Island (new date), South Dakota

Connecticut primary (postponed from April 28)
Gov. Ned Lamont announced that Connecticut was postponing its presidential primary from late April to early June.

“In coordination with other states and our Secretary of the State, and in an effort to carry out Democracy while keeping public health a top priority, I have decided to move our presidential primary to June 2nd,” Mr. Lamont wrote on Twitter.

Previously, Denise W. Merrill, Connecticut’s secretary of state, urged Mr. Lamont to issue an emergency order permitting those worried about going to the polls during the outbreak to obtain absentee ballots. Under current law, concerns about disease contagion at a polling place are not a reason for voting absentee in Connecticut.

The governor was reviewing the request, a spokesman said at the time.

**Delaware primary (postponed from April 28)**

Gov. John Carney postponed the Delaware presidential primary election to early June through a state of emergency declaration.

“Delawareans have a basic, fundamental right to vote,” Mr. Carney said in a statement. “Today’s order will preserve that right and allow Delawareans to vote by absentee ballot in the presidential primary on June 2.”

Mr. Carney’s order allows voters concerned about the coronavirus to request an absentee ballot. This page provides information about applying for one.

**Indiana primary (postponed from May 5)**

Gov. Eric J. Holcomb of Indiana signed an executive order suspending the state’s primary elections until June 2. The presidential primary was originally scheduled for May 5.

The governor announced the postponement of the primary with members of the Indiana Democratic and Republican parties.

“The right of citizens to elect their leaders in a free and open election is one of the cornerstones of America,” Mr. Holcomb said. “In order to balance that right with the safety of county employees, poll workers and voters, delaying Indiana’s primary election is the right move as we continue to do all we can to protect Hoosiers’ health.”

Officials also announced that the state would expand the option to vote by mail to all voters for the upcoming primary election, and that any mail-in ballots previously printed with a May 5 date on them would still be valid.

**Maryland primary (postponed from April 28)**
Gov. Larry Hogan announced that the April 28 primary would instead be held on June 2. Officials considered conducting the entire election by mail but did not believe they had enough time to make that work, Mr. Hogan said.

“Like other states have done, all the primary elections will be postponed until June, which gives everyone time to prepare,” Mr. Hogan said. “Free and fair elections are the very foundation of American democracy, and while there are many valid reasons for unease and uncertainty right now, ensuring that the voices of Maryland citizens are heard shouldn’t be one of them.”

Mr. Hogan said that a special election in Maryland’s Seventh Congressional District to replace the late Representative Elijah E. Cummings would not be rescheduled from April 28. But that election will, in fact, be run entirely by mail — the first time the state has done so for a congressional election.

**Pennsylvania primary (postponed from April 28)**

Gov. Tom Wolf signed a bill postponing the state’s presidential primary election from April 28 to June 2.

State lawmakers had unanimously approved the delay, citing the pleas of county elections officials, who said the uncertainty surrounding the outbreak made it impossible to gear up for an election by the end of April.

The delay also affects a number of other elections in Pennsylvania, including congressional primaries.

The Pennsylvania secretary of state has reminded voters of the state’s mail-in ballot option, which permits any voter to request a ballot.

**Rhode Island primary (postponed from April 28)**

Gov. Gina Raimondo signed an executive order to move the state’s presidential primary election from April to June.

“Last week, the Board of Elections requested that the presidential primary election be postponed from April 28 to June 2 and that the election take place primarily by mail ballot,” Ms. Raimondo said on Twitter. “I am following the advice of the Board of Elections, and will sign an executive order to do this.”

Nellie M. Gorbea, the Rhode Island secretary of state, said the state would “send all registered voters a mail ballot application with a postage-paid return envelope.”

**June 6: Virgin Islands (caucuses)**
June 9: West Virginia (postponed from May 12)

Gov. Jim Justice, a Democrat, announced at a news briefing that West Virginia would postpone its election for 27 days, from May 12 to June 9.

“We have voted in wartime and in peace and in absolute tough situations,” Mr. Justice said, adding that older voters, especially, “value the treasure of being able to vote. We often take it for granted.”

Mr. Justice said he was hopeful that the June 9 election would see a large turnout at polling places, but added that he was extending the deadline to obtain an absentee ballot for those who are unable to make it to the polls.

NOTE
States rescheduling their primaries past a June 9 deadline set by the Democratic National Committee risk losing half of their delegates to the convention.

June 20: Louisiana (postponed from April 4)

Louisiana postponed its April 4 primary for more than two months, rescheduling to June 20, the first state to adjust its election calendar in response to the coronavirus.

“Today I have certified that a state of emergency exists and requested that the governor issue an executive order postponing the elections this spring,” Louisiana’s secretary of state, R. Kyle Ardoin, said at a news conference. “I want to thank the governor and his staff for working with us in a bipartisan manner to accomplish this mission.”

June 23: Kentucky (new date), New York (new date)

Kentucky primary (postponed from May 19)

Kentucky’s secretary of state, Michael G. Adams, announced the state would delay its primary election to June 23 in a video on Twitter.

“Postponing the primary was not an easy decision, but the Republican secretary of state and Democratic governor agreed, and so do county clerks from both parties,” Mr. Adams said. “My hope is that this delay will allow us to have a normal election. Even if not, this delay will allow me, the State Board of Elections and our county clerks time to assess what changes we must make to ensure a successful primary election.”

New York primary (postponed from April 28)
Gov. Andrew M. Cuomo announced the state would move its presidential primary to June 23 and link it to state legislative and congressional primaries that had already been set for that date.

“I don’t think it’s wise to be bringing a lot of people to one location to vote, a lot of people touching one doorknob, a lot of people touching one pen,” Mr. Cuomo said in a news conference. “So we are going to delay that and link it to an election that was previously scheduled on June 23.”

July 14: Alabama Republican primary runoff for U.S. Senate seat (postponed from March 31)

Gov. Kay Ivey postponed the Republican runoff battle for a U.S. Senate seat, which pits former Attorney General Jeff Sessions against Tommy Tuberville, a former college football coach and ESPN analyst. The new date for the runoff is July 14.

The winner will face Senator Doug Jones, a Democrat, in a race that is closely watched because it could be a chance for Republicans to pick up a Senate seat in a red state.

President Trump has endorsed Mr. Tuberville against his onetime attorney general, Mr. Sessions, a longtime politician in Alabama who served in the U.S. Senate from 1997 to 2017.

Are we missing something? Let us know at onpolitics@nytimes.com.

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